Appendix 4

Values of exponents, which give rise to the following sequence of octane isomers of increasing branching: Oct < 2M7 < 3M7 < 4M7 < 3Et6 < 25M6 < 24M6 < 23M6 < 34M6 < 3Et2M5 < 22M6 < 33M6 < 3Et3M5 < 224M5 < 224M5 < 223M5 < 223M5 < 2233M4.

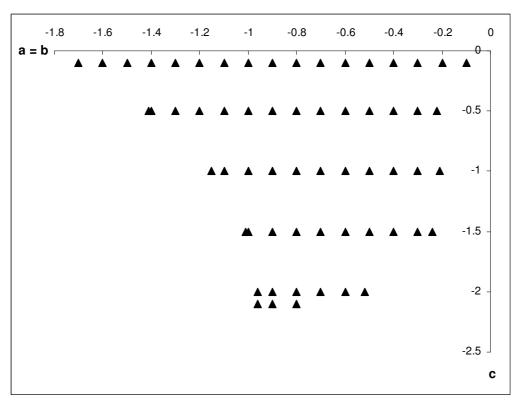
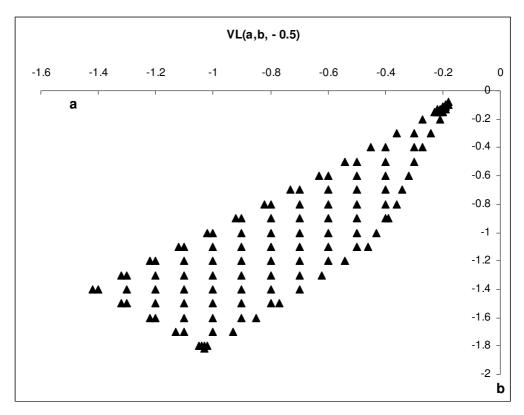


Figure A4a. Values of exponents, which give rise to the above sequence of octane isomers of increasing branching at the index $V_L(a, b, c)$ in the case of a = b vs. c.



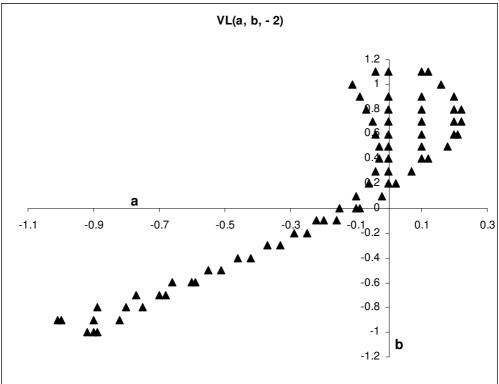


Figure A4b. Values of exponents, which give rise to the above sequence of octane isomers of increasing branching at the index $V_L(a, b, c)$ in the case of a vs. b at c = -0.5 resp. at c = -2.

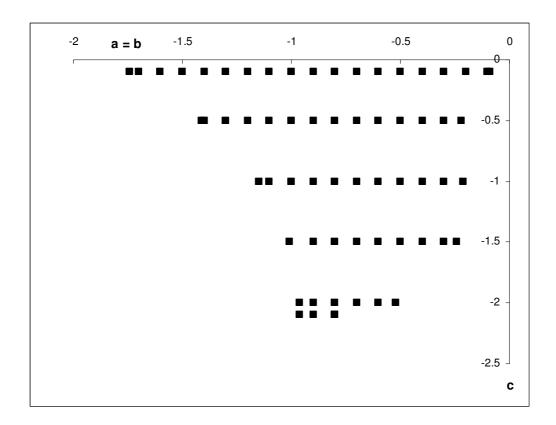


Figure A4c. Values of exponents, which give rise to the above sequence of octane isomers of increasing branching at the index $V_{wm}(a, b, c)$ for the case a = b vs. c.

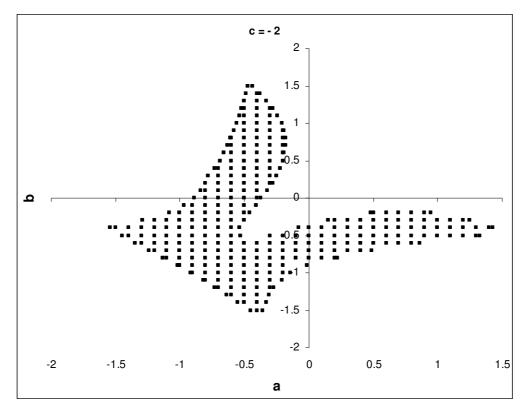


Figure A4d. Values of exponents, which give rise to the above sequence of octane isomers of increasing branching at the index $V_{wm}(a, b, c)$ in the case of a vs. b at c = -2.

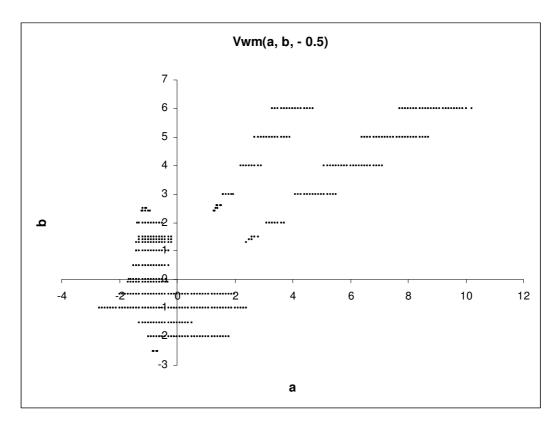


Figure A4e. Values of exponents, which give rise to the above sequence of octane isomers of increasing branching at the index $V_{wm}(a, b, c)$ in the case of a vs. b at c = -0.5.

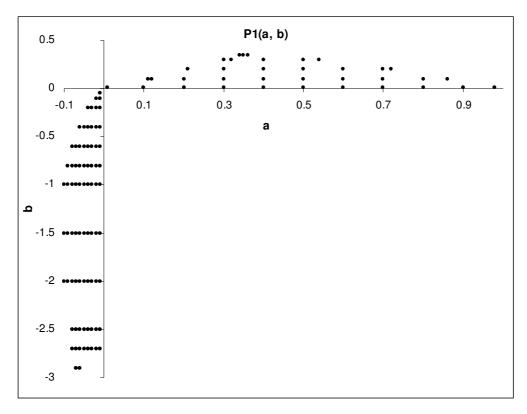


Figure A4f. Values of exponents, which give rise to the above sequence of octane isomers of increasing branching at the vertex degree weighted path one index $P_1(a, b)$. In all cases, $P_1(a, b)$ of $3M7 = P_1(a, b)$ of 4M7.